



THREATENED FISHES OF THE WORLD: *Coptodon walteri* (Thys van den Audenaerde 1968) (Perciformes: Cichlidae)

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ABSTRACT

Coptodon walteri Thys van den Audenaerde 1968, an endemic cichlid of Ivory Coast and Liberia, is assessed as Near Threatened due to fishing pressure and loss of habitats, and aquatic pollution as a result of extensive clandestine gold mining in the bed of the Cavally River. There is an immediate need for developing conservation and management plans for this species.

Keywords:

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SYNOMYMS

Tilapia walteri Thys van den Audenaerde 1968 (Dunz and Schliewen, 2013; Eschmeyer et al., 2016).

COMMON NAMES

Freshwater carp or tilapia (English). "Kho" (in Yacouba, ethnic group in western Ivory Coast).

TAXONOMIC NOTES

Described as *Tilapia walteri* from the Cavally River, Western Africa (Thys van den Audenaerde 1968). A recent study on the molecular phylogeny and classification of the haplotilapiine cichlid fishes (Dunz and Schliewen, 2013) revised the generic status of the fish to *Coptodon walteri*.

GEOGRAPHIC RANGE INFORMATION

Coptodon walteri (Fig. 1) has a very restricted distribution in the west of Ivory Coast (in the Cavally and Nipoué (Cess) Rivers) and East Liberia (St. John River) where they are endemic (Teugels and Thys van den Audenaerde, 1991, 1992, 2003). The total range of the species is estimated to be less than 1500 km² (Holland et al., 2012; IFC, 2012; IUCN, 2014).

FISHERY AND POPULATIONS

Frequently present in artisanal fisheries in the Cavally River in Danané, Zouan-Hounien and Bin-Houyé in the western Ivory Coast (Doffou, 2014; Konan, 2015; Konan et al., 2015) where *C. walteri* is one of the most abundant fish species caught using fish traps.

In Danané region (western Ivory Coast), *C. walteri* represented 5.4% of the total fish abundance. The total length and weight of this species ranged from 47 mm to 270 mm, and 2 g to 264 g, respectively (Teugels and Thys van den Audenaerde, 1991; 1992; 2003; Konan, 2015; Konan et al., 2015).

HABITAT AND ECOLOGY

A benthopelagic species that inhabits rivers with temperature between 24°C - 26°C (Baensch and Riehl, 1995) where they are mostly found in clear water areas with canopy cover of around 50% and clay silt, mud, sand and other debris as the substrate.

BIOLOGY

Size and age at first sexual maturity of *C. walteri* is 169 mm in total length (TL) and 1.6 years, respectively (Froese and Pauly 2015). The parameters of the allometric length-weight relationship estimated by Froese et al. (2013) are $a = 0.01259$ (0.00508 - 0.03119) and $b = 3.03$ (2.81 - 3.25). Other life history and population characters of *C. walteri* include: Trophic level = 2.42; Natural mortality = 0.96 1/year; Life span = 6 years; Length to infinity = 284 mm; Minimum population doubling time = <15 months (Froese and Pauly, 2015). The species is considered to be an omnivorous feeder (Froese and Pauly, 2015).



Fig. 1. *Coptodon walteri* from the Cavally River (Photo courtesy of Felix Koffi Konan)

THREATS

Segments of the Cavally River suffer from strong anthropogenic pressure mainly related to gold mining. This intensive gold mining activity by using motorized equipment in the river bed has led to water pollution, destabilization of riverbanks, disruption of ecosystem functioning, modification of the substrate, high noise levels and high concentration of suspended solids. Overharvest is also a major threat to the species given its importance as a food fish (Konan, 2015; Konan et al., 2015).

USE AND TRADE

Caught by artisanal fishers in the Danané region of Ivory Coast (Doffou, 2014; Konan, 2015; Konan et al., 2015). The species is consumed by the local population because of its fresh flesh that is much appreciated. As such, it is a commercially important food fish, an important source of animal protein and micronutrients in the diet of riparian rural populations.

CONSERVATION ACTIONS

Research has been initiated on aspects of the biometrics, length-weight relationship, condition factor, reproduction, feeding ecology and population dynamics of *C. walteri* (Doffou, 2014; Konan, 2015; Konan et al., 2015). Moreover, mining activities in this area must be regulated and must respect the Performance Standard 6 (IFC, 2012) concerning the conservation of biodiversity and sustainable management of natural living resources.

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Sažetak

UGROŽENE VRSTE RIBA U SVIJETU: *Coptodon walteri* (Thys van den Audenaerde 1968) (Perciformes: Cichlidae)

Coptodon walteri, Thys van den Audenaerde, 1968, je endemski ciklid iz Obale Bjelokosti i Liberije koji je ocijenjen kao gotovo ugrožena vrsta zbog ribolovnog pritiska, gubitka staništa i zagađenja vode zbog opsežnog iskapanja zlata u koritu rijeke Cavally. Iskazana je izrazita potreba za izradom planova zaštite i upravljanja za ovu vrstu.

Ključne riječi: *Tilapia walteri*, ciklid, gotovo ugrožena vrsta, zapadna Afrika

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