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SAŽETAK

Povezanost fizičko-mehaničkih svojstava dolomita sa sedimentnim i diagenetskim značajkama – gornjotrijaski dolomiti Medvednice i Samoborskoga gorja, SZ Hrvatska

U radu su opisane sedimentno-dijagenetske značajke nekoliko gornjotrijaskih dolomita i povezane su s njihovim fizičko-mehaničkim svojstvima (prostorna masa, upijanje vode, otvorena poroznost i indeks čvrstoće mjeren opterećenjem u točki, PLT). Uzorci su uzeti iz triju kamenoloma: Ivanec i Dolje na Medvednici te Gradna u Samoborskome gorju. Uzorci iz kamenoloma Ivanec determinirani su kao kasnodijagenetski, ranodijagenetski i „prijelazni” dolomiti. Uzorci iz kamenoloma Dolje determinirani su kao ranodijagenetski i kasnodijagenetski, a uzorci iz kamenoloma Gradna kao kasnodijagenetski dolomiti. Najkvalitetnijim uzorcima za primjenu kao tehničko-građevni kamen odnosno agregat pokazali su se kasnodijagenetski dolomiti iz kamenoloma Dolje. Zbog svojih sedimentno-dijagenetskih značajki uzorci iz Dolja imaju najniže vrijednosti otvorene poroznosti i upijanja vode te ujedno visoke vrijednosti prostorne mase i PLT-a.

Ključne riječi:

dolomit, fizičko-mehanička svojstva, diageneza, agregati, trijas, Hrvatska

Authors Contribution

All authors have equally contributed to research work and writing of the paper. **Ana Maričić** (Assistant Professor) is credited for the research hypothesis and development of the research as a mentor for MS thesis. She did the review of the literature and the interpretation of the physical-mechanical properties. **Karlo Starčević** (Master of Geology) researched this topic for his MS thesis and he made the testing of physical-mechanical properties as well the major part of micropetrographical analysis. He also produced all graphical presentations for the paper. **Uroš Barudžija** (Assistant Professor) contributed to the micropetrographical analysis and interpretation of the results. He mainly contributed to the discussion on the influence of sedimentary and diagenetic features.