

- The Journal of the Southern African Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, 104, 239–244.
- Jennings, M., Wright, D.N., (1989): *Guidelines for sawing stone*. Industrial Diamond Review, 2, 70–75.
- Kahraman, S., Fener, M., Gunaydin, O. (2004): *Predicting the sawability of carbonate rocks using multiple curvilinear regression analysis*. International Journal of Rock Mechanics & Mining Sciences, 41, 1123–1131.
- Konstanty, J. (2002): *Theoretical analysis of stone sawing with diamonds*. Journal of materials processing technology, 123, 146–154.
- Konstanty, J. (1991): *THE MATERIALS SCIENCE OF STONE SAWING*. Industrial Diamond Review, 1, 27–31
- Mikaeil, R., Ataei, M. and Yousefi, R. (2011a): Application of a fuzzy analytical hierarchy process to the prediction of vibration during rock sawing. Mining Science and Technology (China), 21(5), 611–619.
- Mikaeil, R., Yousefi, R. and Ataei, M. (2011b): Sawability Ranking of Carbonate Rock Using Fuzzy Analytical Hierarchy Process and TOPSIS Approaches. Scientia Iranica, 18(5), 1106–1115.
- Mikaeil, R., Ozcelik Y., Ataei M. and Yousefi R. (2011c): Correlation of Specific Ampere Draw with Rock Brittleness Indexes in Rock Sawing Process. Arch. Min. Sci., 56(4), 741–752.
- Mikaeil, R., Ataei, M., Ghadernejad, S. and Sadegheslam, G. (2014): Predicting the relationship between system vibration with rock brittleness indexes in rock sawing process. Archives of Mining Sciences, 59(1), 139–153.
- Mikaeil, R., Haghshenas, S.S., Haghshenas, S.S. and Ataei, M. (2016): Performance prediction of circular saw machine using imperialist competitive algorithm and fuzzy clustering technique. Neural Computing and Applications, 29(6), 283–292.
- Polini,W.,Turchetta,S. (2007): Monitoring of diamond disk wear in stone cutting by means of force or acceleration sensors. Int. j.Adv Manuf Technol, 35, 454-467.
- Tonshoff, H.K., Hillmann-Apmann, H., Asche, J. (2002): *Diamond tools in stone and civil engineering industry: cutting principles, wear and applications*. Diamond and Related Materials, 11, 736–741.
- Xu, X. (1999): *Friction studies on the process in circular sawing of granites*. Tribology Letters, 7, 221–227.
- Xu, X., Li, Y., Malkin, S. (2001): *Forces and energy in circular sawing and grinding of granite*. Journal of Manufacturing Science and Engineering, 123, 13–22.
- Xu, X., Li, Y. and Yu, Y. (2003): *Force ratio in the circular sawing of granites with a diamond segmented blade*. Journal of Materials Processing Technology, 139, 281–285.

## SAŽETAK

### Istraživanje utroška energije kod rezanja arhitektonsko-građevnoga kamen

U industriji arhitektonsko-građevnoga kamenja važno je predvidjeti utrošak energije kod njegova rezanja. Utvrđivanje odnosa strojnih varijabli s tim utroškom važan je postupak. Konstruirani su ispitni, laboratorijski rezači strojevi s mogućnošću promjene radnih varijabli. Prikupljeni rezultati statistički su analizirani usporedbom s potrošnjom energije. Testiranje je načinjeno na sedam uzoraka karbonatnih stijena, uz različite vrijednosti dubine zarezivanja, jakosti i brzine. Tako je dobiven model utroška energije, postavljen u odnosu na svaku promatrano, nezavisnu varijablu. Statistička analiza načinjena je paketom SPSS. U njoj su primjenjeni t-test i F-test. Vrijednosti predviđene takvim modelom prikazane su dijagramom raspršenja. Rezultati su vrlo bliski linearnomu modelu predstavljenomu pravcem pod kutom od 45 stupnjeva. Takav model odlikuje se visokim stupnjem točnosti te korelacije između predviđenih i očekivanih vrijednosti. Stoga on može biti korišten za izračun utroška energije uz različite ulazne varijable.

#### Ključne riječi:

utrošak energije, brzina punjenja, periferna brzina, dubina urezivanja, SPSS, arhitektonsko-građevni kamen

## Authors' contribution

**Reza Mikaeil** (Associate Professor): initializing the idea, completing literature review and participating in all work stages such providing rock samples, running experimental tests and data analysis. **Babak Sohrabian** (Assistant Professor): executing experimental tests, data analysis and test of its accuracy and helping with field work. **Mohammad Ataei** (Full Professor): managing the whole process and supervising it from the beginning to the end.