implementation of the special individual income tax report through mobile terminals at the beginning of 2019, the tax authorities will distinguish the authenticity of the basic materials of the declarers by means of internal information sharing, so as to ensure the normal implementation of the calculation failure of individual income tax.

Subjects and methods: Random selection of 100 enterprise accounting staff, age unlimited, gender unlimited. Questionnaire survey was carried out, 100 questionnaires were distributed, 93 questionnaires were retrieved, 88 effective questionnaires. Before the questionnaire, the author interviewed the 100 accountants based on the background of intelligent finance and taxation, and summarized the reasons for the anxiety of the 100 accountants. Random selection of 100 enterprise accounting staff, age unlimited, gender unlimited. Questionnaire survey was carried out, 100 questionnaires were distributed, 93 questionnaires were retrieved, 88 effective questionnaires. Before the questionnaire, the author interviewed the 100 accountants based on the background of intelligent finance and taxation, and summarized the reasons for the anxiety of the 100 accountants.

Results: In this survey, the influence value of specific factors is 0-4, which means irrelevant, 1 means slight influence, 2 means general influence, 3 means great influence, and 4 means serious influence. In order to reduce the great error caused by individual subjectivity in the evaluation, the evaluation value of 100 accountants shall be rounded off and the result shall be obtained by means of average. The specific statistical table is shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Anxiety of enterprise accountants in the context of intelligent finance and taxation and the influence of countermeasures

Factor	Improve Accounting Learning Ability	Strengthen capacity development	Improve management control capability
Teacher	4	4	4

Conclusions: Under the background of intelligent finance and tax, the majority of SMEs will face certain risks of finance and tax management. Accounting talents should improve their own learning ability, strengthen the cultivation of information-based processing ability, and improve the management and control ability of fiscal risk. Only by promoting these quality elements to a certain degree, can we meet the needs of future accounting work and business management, and relieve the anxiety of accounting personnel.

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THE INFLUENCE OF INDOOR COLOR DESIGN OF CHILDREN'S MEDICAL REHABILITATION CENTER ON PEOPLE WITH MENTAL DISORDERS

Jinyong Zhang, Kailu Yang, Xuejing Zhang & Huining Pei

School of Architecture & Art Design, Hebei University of Technology, Tianjin 300000, China

Background: With the continuous evolution and development of human beings, the psychological barriers of children are increasing. The incidence rate of autistic children is increasing rapidly year by year. Autism has become an important social problem. Autism is an explosive disease that is difficult to cure and accompanies the patient's life. However, so far, the medical community has not developed specific drugs for the disease, so the rehabilitation treatment of autistic children is very important, and it is also a matter that we need to solve at present. It not only needs the long-term care and company of children's parents, but also needs a long process of rehabilitation training to improve the social skills and survival skills of children with autism. In response to this situation, in recent years, the government and all sectors of society have invested a lot of funds and manpower to build and improve relevant institutions for autism rehabilitation, which has made great strides in its development. A large number of children with autism have received scientific and effective treatment, which has brought confidence and hope to their families. In addition to advanced treatment methods and scientific treatment environment, as a designer, we should shoulder the responsibility and do our best to provide children with high-quality and comfortable indoor rehabilitation environment.

Objective: Firstly, access to relevant materials to elaborate the theoretical research and practical status of rehabilitation centers for autistic children at home and abroad. Then it explains the definition of autism, analyzes the characteristics of autistic children, and expounds the corresponding treatment methods and rehabilitation methods. At the same time, it systematically discusses the service characteristics of autistic children's rehabilitation center, the classification of rehabilitation institutions in China and the differences

of various institutions. Finally, based on the data obtained from the field investigation, taking the vision and position of autistic children as the starting point, combined with their personal feelings, this paper describes the use of the rehabilitation center and the indoor space environment, and takes the demonstration as an example to discuss the current situation of the indoor space environment of the rehabilitation center, This paper comprehensively expounds the basic characteristics of autistic children's rehabilitation center, a healing building subject, and the special needs of relevant users for indoor space. Finally, it analyzes the characteristics from the four aspects of indoor function division, space color, system logo and detail design, puts forward the corresponding design methods, and designs a set of more scientific indoor space design scheme which is beneficial to the rehabilitation of autistic children. As a research topic in the field of indoor space design, this paper aims to put forward a more scientific design scheme for the indoor environment of rehabilitation places for autistic children, so that children can enjoy treatment in a happy atmosphere, make the treatment effect better and return to the mainstream society as soon as possible.

Subjects and methods: At present, the indoor environment of many children's medical institutions is single, which brings serious treatment pressure to special children's patients and brings many difficulties to follow-up treatment. Moreover, the existence of this problem will directly reduce the treatment effect of children. In order to understand the influence of indoor color design of children's medical rehabilitation center on people with mental disorders, children with mental disorders were rehabilitated by designing different indoor colors, so as to achieve the purpose of research. Taking children as the main body, this paper studies the influence of color on children's psychology and emotion. Color can express people's different feelings. Compared with dim colors, bright colors can make people feel happier. It is important to create different spatial feelings in different spatial functions. Color design advocates function over form. Therefore, 100 children with psychological disorders undergoing rehabilitation treatment were randomly divided into experimental group and control group, with 50 people in each group. The control group did not carry out special indoor color design. According to the different functional needs of the rehabilitation center, the experimental group matched it with the appropriate space color to make the children better judge and feel, so as to carry out the rehabilitation training effectively. Using large-area color changes in similar environments can enhance their memory and help them distinguish and recognize spatial functions. According to the characteristics of color, it can meet different spatial feelings, so that the color has weight, distance and temperature. High brightness warm color will bring forward movement and prominent effect, while low brightness cold color has a sense of distance. Use the characteristics of color to adjust the internal visual experience and create different sizes and heights of the space.

Results: The study found that the children in the experimental group were more willing to cooperate with the treatment, and their emotions were more stable. The specific comparison results are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Statistical results / number of people

Group	Not cooperate	Commonly	Cooperative treatment
Experience group	3	23	24
Control group	9	32	9

Research has confirmed that yellow green, light yellow, light blue, orange and other colors have positive guidance and emotional hints. Children will maintain emotional stability in a colorful and soft environment. Using the same color design space can better create a warm and harmonious space color environment. In the children's rehabilitation center, the design method with large color contrast will have a significant psychological impact on children, and even more actively cooperate with the treatment without realizing it, so as to obtain unexpected results.

Conclusions: Autism has become one of the most serious social problems of mankind, and its form is only high, and the demand for intervention is increasing, but its rehabilitation center is seriously scarce and the indoor space environment is worrying. Based on this background, as an interior designer, starting from the special psychological and behavioral needs of autistic children, combined with the professional theoretical knowledge, to provide children with a high-quality indoor space rehabilitation environment, so as to promote the improvement of rehabilitation efficiency. Therefore, it calls on relevant government agencies to increase resource investment and industry norms and improve the role of social forces.

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APPLICATION OF FACE TARGET RECOGNITION ALGORITHM BASED ON VISUAL COMMUNICATION IN MEDICAL IMAGE SYSTEM OF COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT

Yan Chen, Shiwei Chu & Xiaomei Ding

School of Computer Engineering, Anhui Wenda University of Information Engineering, Hefei 230032, China

Background: Mild cognitive impairment is a transitional stage between normal aging and dementia, which is characterized by mild memory and intelligence damage, but the general cognitive function and living ability remain intact, which cannot meet the diagnostic criteria of dementia. Patients with mild cognitive impairment are at high risk of Alzheimer's disease, especially amnestic mild cognitive impairment dominated by memory impairment, which often turns into Alzheimer's disease. The proportion of patients with mild cognitive impairment turning into Alzheimer's disease is about 10%-15%, 50% in 3-4 years and 80% in 6 years, while that of normal elderly is only 1%-2% every year. At present, the face target recognition algorithm based on visual communication is mainly used in clinic as a screening tool for mild cognitive impairment. In recent years, with the rapid development of neuroimaging, people can functionally understand the changes of cerebral blood flow, metabolism and biochemistry in patients with mild cognitive impairment. Neuroimaging plays an increasingly important role in the diagnosis and treatment of mild cognitive impairment.

Face target recognition algorithm based on visual communication is a typical problem of image pattern analysis, understanding and classification. It involves many disciplines, such as pattern recognition, image processing, computer vision, statistical learning, cognitive science and so on. The in-depth research and final solution of automatic face recognition can greatly promote the maturity and development of cognitive impairment medicine.

Objective: Human beings seem to have "innate" face recognition ability. Giving computers the same ability is the ultimate goal of automatic face recognition research. Automatic face recognition is a typical problem of image pattern analysis, understanding and classification. It involves pattern recognition, image processing, computer vision, statistical learning, artificial intelligence, computer graphics and cognitive science. As a pattern recognition problem, it is considered to be one of the most challenging problems. Therefore, the face target recognition algorithm based on visual communication can effectively alleviate the condition of patients with cognitive impairment and improve the effect of subject medical images.

Subjects and methods: 1000 patients with mild cognitive impairment were randomly selected, including 500 female patients and 500 male patients. Through the actual acquisition of neural images of patients with mild cognitive impairment, the effect of face target recognition algorithm based on visual communication is analyzed.

Methods: Use Excel table to count the impact of face target recognition algorithm on medical images of cognitive impairment subjects, as shown in Table 1.

Results: Biometric recognition is a large type of recognition technology which has developed rapidly in recent years and is deeply concerned by the public. It is a technology that relies on the unique physiological characteristics of organisms as recognition codes. Face recognition does not need to be like fingerprint recognition and iris recognition. The identified person needs to take the initiative to detect. Just stand within the detection range of the machine, which is convenient and fast, and improves the speed of medical images. Face, as a unique physiological feature, combined with more and more perfect in vivo detection technology, can well deal with many counterfeiting attacks and ensure the accuracy of recognition. At the same time, in the practical application scenario of medical images in the discipline of cognitive impairment, multiple faces can be sorted, judged and recognized, which is in line with the visual characteristics of "recognizing people by appearance", with simple operation, intuitive results and good concealment.

Use 1-5 to represent the actual impact effect degree, 1 means no impact, 2 means slight impact degree, 3 means impact effect, 4 means strong impact effect, and 5 means profound impact effect.

Table 1. Impact of face target recognition algorithm on medical images of cognitive impairment subjects

Effect	Non-contact identification	Anti-counterfeiting ability	Concurrency
Female patients	5	4	4
Male patients	4	4	5

Conclusions: As an auxiliary means for the diagnosis of patients with cognitive impairment, neuroimaging has been gradually recognized in the prediction of the transformation of patients with cognitive impairment to Alzheimer's disease and the evaluation of the effect of early intervention and treatment. With the popularity of functional imaging, it is believed that it will play a greater role in the clinical diagnosis and treatment monitoring of patients with cognitive impairment. However, at present, neuroimaging research