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## SUMMARY

### ON FORGING AND FORGERIES OF THE “BLUE HUNDRED-DINAR NOTE”, A HUNDRED-DINAR BANKNOTE OF THE PRIVILEGED PEOPLE’S BANK OF THE KINGDOM OF SERBIA, FROM 1905

One of the most frequently forged banknotes in the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes was the hundred-dinar banknote of the Privileged People’s Bank of the Kingdom of Serbia from 1905 (released into circulation in 1907), also known as the “blue hundred-dinar note”, which was printed until 1923 in the Banque de France in Paris. In the lack of new hundred-dinar notes, it continued to be circulated and was legal tender in the Kingdom of Yugoslavia until July 1938, the longest of any banknote of the Privileged People’s Bank of the Kingdom of Serbia. According to records in police/criminological literature from the time of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia, by the end of 1932 eleven types of forgeries of this banknote were recorded. The most important cases of forging the hundred-dinar banknote, the “blue hundred-dinar note” from 1905, were discovered in 1926 and 1928 in south Banat, in Vršac and Veliki Bečkerek (today Zrenjanin). The article, on the basis of the then press, archive material and numismatic literature, shows the appearance of forgeries and forgers of the “blue hundred-dinar note” of the Privileged People’s Bank of the Kingdom of Serbia, from 1905. It also writes about the characteristics of the forgeries and the differences between the genuine and the forged banknotes.

**Keywords:** hundred-dinar banknote of the Privileged People’s Bank of the Kingdom of Serbia from 1905, “blue hundred-dinar note”, forging, forgeries