create a good English learning atmosphere and environment for students. College teachers should also timely adjust their own teaching plans and arrangements according to the characteristics and needs of students, cultivate students’ learning emotion through various means, stimulate students’ interest and enthusiasm in learning English knowledge, and enhance students’ learning motivation. In the process of teaching, teachers should fully recognize their intermediary role, emphasize the dominant position of students in the process of English learning, help students establish English learning cognition, and help students learn to think and learn independently. After the end of teaching activities, teachers should also reflect and summarize their teaching behavior, review the whole process of teaching practice, deeply analyze the deficiencies and deficiencies in the teaching process, and promote the improvement of their professional skills.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Survey object</th>
<th>Freshman</th>
<th>Sophomore</th>
<th>Junior</th>
<th>Senior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optimize teaching philosophy</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a learning atmosphere</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reflective teaching behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Acknowledgements**: The research is supported by: The Scientific Research Project of Hunan Education Department in 2020 "An Empirical Study of the New TEM4 Backwash Effect from the Perspective of Testing Science" (No. 20C0578), and the Research Project on Teaching Reform in Ordinary Institutions of Higher Learning of Hunan Province; Research and Practice on the Construction of “Curriculum Ideology and Politics” in Language and Culture Courses from the Perspective of Cultural Confidence: A Case study of Intercultural Communication (No. HNJG-2020-1075).

* * * * *

LABOR RIGHTS AND TANGLED LEGAL PROTECTION OF PATIENTS WITH MENTAL DISORDERS

Huaer Cheng & Junya Lian

School of Law, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing 100081, China

**Background**: Since the reform and opening up, China’s economy has developed rapidly. On the one hand, the guidelines of national leaders are correct, on the other hand, the labor security provided by the working people. From the macro point of view, economic development is brought about by the continuous optimization of the economic market, but from the micro point of view, the optimization and integration of economic resources of various regional industries are inseparable from the working people in the regional industries. However, in real life, most working people are not properly resettled, and the treatment without human rights received by patients with mental disorders is more obvious. Mental disorder refers to the disorder of various functions of the body caused by brain damage. Patients with mental disorder will have great obstacles in cognition and communication, which are often manifested in external symptoms such as unreasonable behavior and words. Some patients with severe mental disorders even have hallucinations, and eventually their consciousness gradually declines. What’s more, they have mental deterioration and severe mental disorders such as schizophrenia. However, it has to be mentioned that most patients with mental disorders do not think they have mental disorders, which leads to few patients with mental disorders who actively seek medical treatment, resulting in an increasing number of patients with serious mental disorders in the society.

In order to protect the legitimate rights and interests of patients with mental disorders, China has formulated special requirements for their actual capacity in a number of laws and regulations, and the more significant laws and regulations are reflected in the labor rights of patients with mental disorders. In China’s labor rights for patients with mental disorders, it is said that for the working people with mental disorders, the legal protection of their personality rights has effectively stopped some enterprises from violating the personality of patients with mental disorders. If the working people with mental disorders still belong to workers, workers should enjoy fair and equal social welfare security. Moreover, in the labor security of mental illness, it is also proposed that the working people also enjoy the same labor income as other working people, and should not have labor entanglement. It is also necessary to meet the right to know of patients with mental disorders, ensure that the human rights of mental disorders know their labor
protection in the process of labor, and avoid labor entanglement. However, it is worth noting that there are still some unclear judgment standards for mental disorders in China’s labor law, so there are omissions in the protection of the rights of some workers with mental disorders. Therefore, in order to protect the basic labor rights of patients with mental disorders, it is necessary to summarize the problems existing in the labor law and learn from the relevant provisions of other legal protection, so as to provide theoretical reference for the protection of labor rights of patients with mental disorders.

Objective: To explore the legal protection of labor rights and labor entanglement of patients with mental disorders, and put forward relevant suggestions to ensure that the basic rights and interests of patients with mental disorders are protected, so as to provide development support for the development of harmonious society in China.

Study design: Using the literature method, this paper summarizes the labor rights of working patients with mental disorders proposed in recent 10 years, extracts the legal protection regulations of working patients with mental disorders from a large number of other laws and regulations, extracts the relevant provisions worthy of reference, and puts forward suggestions on the labor rights and tangled legal protection of working patients with mental disorders.

Results: Three suggestions are put forward from the previous literature. First, appropriately restrict the rights of patients with mental disorders, and restrict other rights and interests of patients with mental disorders, such as the right to freedom, while ensuring that the labor rights of patients with mental disorders remain unchanged, so as to avoid wounding events of patients with mental disorders. The second point is that no protective measures have been formulated for patients with mental disorders, including the establishment of guardians and other measures, in order to ensure that the rights and interests of patients with mental disorders can be reflected at the first time. The third point is to improve the relevant laws and regulations for patients with mental disorders, including improving the definition of mental patients to ensure that laws and regulations can cover every patient with mental disorders. The impact of the three suggestions on the labor rights and entanglement of patients with mental disorders is shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Impact of relevant suggestions on mental disorders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Patient restrictions</th>
<th>Patient protection</th>
<th>Improve laws and regulations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mental disorder</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusions: Workers with mental disorders are part of many working people in China. To protect the relevant rights of workers with mental disorders is to protect the relevant rights of working people. It is of positive significance to obtain the current situation of the rights of working people with mental disorders through literature law, analyze the existing problems, and improve the labor rights of patients with mental disorders with the help of other relevant laws and regulations. In addition, while providing labor protection for patients with mental disorders, it is also necessary to restrict their rights to ensure that patients will not have dangerous behaviors under the influence of restrictions.

* * * * *

ANALYSIS OF THE INFLUENCE OF APPLIED LINGUISTICS ON THE EXPRESSION ABILITY OF STUDENTS WITH THINKING LOGIC DISORDER

Ying Shen
School of Foreign Languages, Guangxi University, Nanning 530004, China

Background: In the process of students’ growth, their ideological cognition is also in a state of continuous growth. In the growth of students’ ideological cognition, they receive a variety of information, but there will be deviations in the ideological cognition of some students in the research and development among many students. The reason is that in the construction process of students’ ideological logic system, the complex system composed of different external information will affect students’ cognitive judgment. The serious consequence of students’ wrong cognitive judgment is that students have thinking logic obstacles. On the one hand, the emergence of thinking logic obstacles slows down the growth rate of students, on the other hand, it inhibits the improvement of students’ expression ability. According to the research results of psychology, the mechanism of the influence of students’ thinking logic disorder on their expression ability is to hinder the growth of relevant brain tissues of students, lead to students’ deviation in problem interpretation, and then affect students’ expression ability. In psychological treatment, the