RESEARCH ON OBSTACLES AND COUNTERMEASURES OF SOCIAL GOVERNANCE SYSTEM UNDER THE BACKGROUND OF SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

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Background: Social psychology belongs to psychology, which studies the changes of individuals or groups in psychological behavior under the action of society and the changing laws of these aspects. Social psychology is generally studied from the perspective of individuals and social groups. From the perspective of social groups, social psychology studies the structure of group communication and its norms. The research field of social psychology mainly includes three aspects: individual, interpersonal and group. Individual process is to study individual perception, self-consciousness and other contents, interpersonal process is to study the interaction between people, and group process is to study human psychological behavior in group and other environments, such as group process and organizational behavior. Social psychology obtains relevant data through experimental methods, complements the qualitative analysis of phenomena through data analysis, and turns the description of phenomena to the disclosure and utilization of laws. Social psychology attaches importance to the interaction between society and individuals and the internal psychological factors of individuals, and attaches importance to the discussion of social situations.

At present, social organizations widely exist in society and have many types of social organizations, such as community social organizations, non-governmental organizations, overseas social organizations and so on. The modernization of social governance is the goal of social governance. In this goal, the subjects of social governance are diversified, which provides the subject basis for CO governance. The rule system will be more complete, the governance system will be more perfect, and the governance mechanism will be more flexible and comprehensive. However, there are still some problems in the current social organization governance. The concept of CO governance of social organization governance has not been established. There are some problems, such as lack of credibility, disorderly development of social organization governance and so on. Relevant legal and institutional systems are absent, substantive norms are insufficient, and there are no norms for the protection of the legitimate rights and interests of relevant social organizations. In the cooperation between social organizations and the government, the subject status is unequal, and the government has doubts about its social governance, which makes it difficult for social organizations to act, and the public is used to the government's governance of social affairs, it is difficult to agree with the behavior of social organizations participating in governance, and the lack of corresponding public resource support limits the development of social organizations. In addition, the modern governance capacity of social organizations is insufficient, lack of self-discipline, and there is the phenomenon of non-administrative organization administration. The internal governance mechanism of many social organizations is not perfect, there is no democratic management mechanism, and their work norms and systems lack effectiveness.

Objective: To understand the existing problems of social organization governance and analyze the causes. On this basis, this paper studies the governance countermeasures of social organizations under social psychology. Put forward the social concept of cooperation and co-governance between the government and social organizations. After recognizing the importance and necessity of social organization governance, the government simplified administration and delegated power. Divide part of the governance of microeconomic and social operation to social organizations, let social organizations assume part of their responsibilities, and reform the administrative system. Among them, the reform of public institutions is the focus of the reform. Social organizations cooperate with the reform of the government administrative system to show the concept of social co-governance to the people. Improve the social qualification system, improve the social organization, improve the social qualification system, and eliminate the obstacles that are not conducive to the implementation of the tax exemption system.

Subjects and methods: The research objects are the organization personnel of graduate student associations in colleges and universities. 120 graduate student associations in colleges and universities are randomly selected. There are differences in the school support of these associations, and the financial support of the government and schools is different. Understand the current situation of the construction of graduate social organizations and the working ability of the organization personnel in these universities, take measures to improve the governance of social organizations such as increasing policy support and increasing capital investment, study the impact of these measures on the construction of graduate social organizations and the organization personnel through statistical analysis software, quantify the relevant influencing factors, and adopt grade 1-5 score. The higher the score, the greater the impact.

Results: At present, the concept of CO governance of social organization governance has not been established, the government does not pay enough attention to social organization governance, lacks the
support of relevant laws and normative systems for social organizations, and the construction of social organization talents is not enough, which limits the development of social organizations and the development of graduate community organizations in colleges and universities. By increasing policy support, increasing capital investment and other countermeasures, the organization of graduate student associations in colleges and universities has become more and more standardized, and the innovation ability of organization personnel has been improved. Among them, the innovation ability score of young social organization personnel is 4, and the results are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Ability scores of students majoring in digital media art in different grades

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Innovation ability</th>
<th>Cooperation ability</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>youth</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Young and middle-aged</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle age</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
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Conclusions: Social organization governance has important practical significance. Social organization governance responds to the concept of the combination of CO governance and autonomy. Its governance cost is low and can realize professional governance in various fields. Social organization governance is conducive to promoting the stability of social operation. As a kind of social organization, graduate community organizations in colleges and universities lack normative management and relevant policy support. By increasing policy support, increasing capital investment and other countermeasures, college graduate community organizations have become more and more standardized, and trained many innovative talents.

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RESEARCH ON THE INFLUENCE OF CHINA'S ADMINISTRATIVE PUNISHMENT LAW REFORM ON AUDIENCE ANXIETY

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Background: When individuals are faced with realistic threats or problems that cannot be solved, individuals will have emotional reactions such as tension, panic and worry, which can be called individual anxiety psychology. Anxiety psychology is divided into realistic anxiety and case anxiety. Realistic anxiety can happen to everyone. When the realistic threat disappears or is solved, people's anxiety will be relieved and eliminated slowly. Pathological anxiety is a manifestation of mental illness, which belongs to abnormal anxiety. In serious cases, it will lead to emotional disorders. Pathological anxiety will not disappear with the solution of objective problems, but is persistent. This kind of anxiety is related to individual personality characteristics. Anxiety Psychology is affected by many factors, such as personal factors, family factors and social factors. In personal factors, if a person is cowardly and has poor psychological tolerance, when encountering difficulties that are difficult to solve, it is easy to have anxiety, be at a loss, think disorderly, don't know how to solve the problem, accompanied by rapid heartbeat, difficulty in concentrating, even emotional collapse and irritable temper. Among the social factors, due to the poor social security in some places, the rights and interests of the masses cannot be guaranteed, the relevant administrative punishment is not strict and the punishment is not strong, which has a certain impact on the lives and work of the masses and threatens the safety of the lives and property of the masses. As a result, the masses have varying degrees of anxiety and make them feel worried and uneasy about their lives and work.

China's administrative punishment law can regulate the setting and implementation of administrative punishment, provide guarantee and supervision for the effective administration of administrative organs through the law, safeguard public interests and social order, and protect the legitimate rights and interests of citizens and legal persons. At present, the administrative punishment law is unfair in the process of law enforcement. The subjects of administrative law enforcement are messy, the number of formal institutions is large, the administrative efficiency is not high, the temporary institutions are messy, and various offices and committees are different, which significantly increases the complexity of administrative coordination, increases the cost of administrative management, and the administrative management is chaotic. In addition to the problems of the subject of administrative law enforcement, there are also some problems in the process of administrative law enforcement, the concept of administrative law enforcement and the