

NEW RESONANCES IN e^+e^- ANNIHILATION ABOVE 4 GeV

Dj. Šijački

Boris Kidrič Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Yugoslavia

Several vector mesons, $J^{PC}=1^{--}$, have recently been found at SPEAR in e^+e^- annihilation in the energy range 3.9-4.5 GeV⁽¹⁾. It is natural to compare these new states with the states of the ψ -family (ψ, ψ', χ, \dots), the latter are adequately described as $\bar{c}c$ bound states. The states above 4 GeV are considerably different from those of the ψ -family, and they do not fit naturally into a scheme of radial excitations of the $\bar{c}c$ system: Here c is the "charmed" quark in addition to the old ones u, d and s .

We have proposed an $SU(8) \times SL(3, R)$ color quark model⁽²⁾, which is a generalization of the quark model based on the dynamical group $SU(6) \times SL(3, R)$ ⁽³⁾. The model can account for the mass differences, leptonic and total hadronic widths of the new resonances as well as for the rise in, and the magnitude of, $R = \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$.

The strong decays of the new states, which we denote by V_ρ, V_ω and V_ϕ , into the states of the ψ -family can be studied in the framework of duality diagrams. In our model the processes of Fig.1 are phase space forbidden, since $m(D^0) \approx 1.86 \text{ GeV}$ ⁽⁴⁾, and we predict for these of Fig.2 to be suppressed by a factor of $10^2 - 10^3$, due to the Zweig rule.

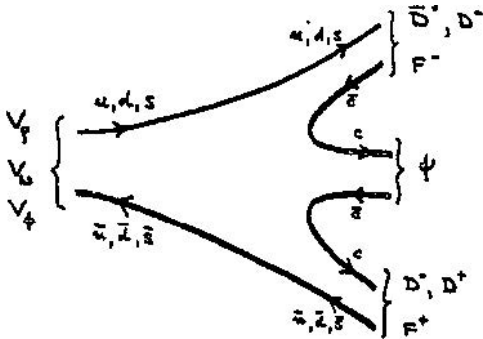


Fig. 1

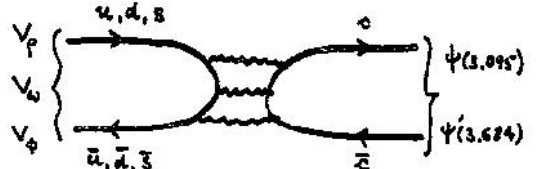


Fig. 2

References

1. J. Siegrist et al., Phys. Rev. Letters 36 (1976) 700.
2. Dj. Šijački, Phys. Letters B (to be published).
3. Dj. Šijački, Phys. Letters 62B (1976) 323.
4. G. Goldhaber et al., Phys Rev. Letters 37 (1976) 255.