Publication Ethics and Publication Malpractice Statement

For all parties involved in the act of publishing (the author, the journal editor(s), the peer reviewer and the publisher) it is necessary to agree upon standards of expected ethical behavior. Southeastern European Medical Journal (SEEMEDJ) is committed to maintaining the highest standards of publication ethics and preventing any form of malpractice in the publishing process. This Publication Ethics and Malpractice Statement outlines the ethical guidelines for all parties involved in the publication of research articles in the field of biomedicine and health.

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Authors submitting manuscripts to Southeastern European Medical Journal must fill out, sign and deliver the SEEMEDJ authorship statement by which they accept rights and responsibilities of both parties in the process of the manuscript evaluation and its possible publication in the SEEMEDJ. An “author” is considered to be someone who has made substantive intellectual contributions to the submitted work. Co-authors are persons who have made significant contributions to the research and both authors and co-authors have agreed to the final version of the manuscript. Authors take collective responsibility for determining who should be listed as an author and the order in which they should appear. Individuals who have contributed to the article, but do not meet the full criteria for authorship, should be credited by name and affiliation in the ‘Acknowledgments’ section. An acknowledgment is obligatory, as it is defined in the authorship statement. Authors and co-authors of submitted manuscripts must describe their contribution to the research through the authorship statement. Contributions are listed at the end of each published article. Authors affirm that the submitted work is original and has not been published elsewhere and it is not under consideration for publication elsewhere. Data and results are presented accurately, and any potential conflicts of interest are declared. All sources of financial support and conflicts of interest are disclosed in the ICMJE COI form and the SEEMEDJ authorship statement. An author may change their name during their career, SEEMEDJ lists the ORCID ID of the authors when they provide it.

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Work involving humans should comply with the principles laid down in the Declaration of Helsinki, as revised in 2013. At the end of the main text, the manuscript should contain a statement that the study has been approved by the Ethical Committee of the institution where the study was performed, and that the study subjects, or their legal guardians, gave informed consent for participation in the study. When reporting experiments on animals, authors should indicate whether institutional and national standards for the care and use of laboratory animals were followed.

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