# Scientific misconduct, Procedure regarding scientific misconduct & Penalties

1. If it affirms that authors, peer-reviewers, publisher or editors or other involved parties have committed any form of scientific or ethical misconduct, the appropriate actions will be taken.

2.1. Every person may report the scientific misconduct of any involved persons by e-mail to the Editorial office. The complaint should contain general info on the claimant, point out the person being charged for scientific misconduct and if possible point out the paper which is result of scientific misconduct, brief description of scientific misconduct and, if possible, evidences of misconduct.

2.2. Editor will examine all the circumstances of the complaint and collect all the necessary evidences by proper means. The editor shall contact the claimants within three months from receiving the complaint and inform them whether the complaint was justified or not along with the explanations.

2.3. In the case of conflict of interests, the editor will retreat from the procedure and ask the publisher to appoint another person to run the procedure.

3. If the complaint is justified, depending on the severity of the scientific misconduct, the following actions may be taken

- Informing or educating authors or peer-reviewers on the scientific misconduct with the request to redo their task in compliance with this PEMS.

- Withdrawal unpublished paper from the publishing or discharging and appointing the new peerreviewer for the individual paper.

- Publishing of appropriate notice, corrigendum, erratum or formal article retraction disclosed in print and electronic versions of the Journal.

# **Ethical principles: Author's responsibilities**

#### 1. Standards

The text of the paper submitted for publication must conform to accepted methodological and technical standards for writing a scientific paper and <u>Author Guidelines</u>. The data presented in the paper must be accurate.

### 2. Originality, plagiarism and citations

Authors should submit for publication only manuscripts that are their original texts and in which they clearly and precisely cite the work and/or parts of the work of other authors. Authors are required to cite not only parts of other authors' work that are directly cited in the paper, but also work that served as inspiration and stimulus for the paper.

### 3. Multiple, redundant or concurrent publication

Papers dealing with the same research should generally not be published in more than one journal. Submission of the same paper to more than one journal is considered unethical and improper. Authors should not submit a paper for publication if it has already been published elsewhere or is under review in another journal. Only in justified cases and with the express permission of the Editor-in-Chief will publication of a previously published paper be permitted.

### 4. Authorship

Only persons who have made a substantial contribution to the work may be listed as co-authors of the work. It is the responsibility of the corresponding author to list as co-authors only those persons who have made a substantial contribution to the writing of the paper and to ensure that the co-authors acknowledge the final version of the paper and agree to its publication.

### 5. Conflict of interest and financing of the research

Authors are required to disclose to the Editorial Board information about potential conflicts of interest of any kind (e.g., employment, writing reports to international and national bodies, providing legal opinions, project proposals, etc.) that may be related to the research results and conclusions presented in the paper at the earliest possible time of submission of the paper for publication. In particular, authors are required to provide information on financial support for the conduct of the research presented in the paper.

#### 6. Fundamental errors in published paper

If the authors discover significant errors in their published paper, they are obliged to inform the editorial office immediately so that the paper can be withdrawn or corrected as soon as possible. If the editorial office receives the information from a third party, the author is obliged to immediately prove the accuracy of the data or submit corrections. In this case, the Editor-in-Chief reserves the right to withdraw the contribution from publication if necessary.

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